

Pancreas

- Glandular organ in the abdomen
- Makes pancreatic juices (contain digestive enzymes)
- Produces hormones (e.g. insulin)

NIH National Cancer Institute. Pancreas. *NCI Dictionary of Cancer Terms*, <https://www.cancer.gov/publications/dictionaries/cancer-terms/def/pancreas>

Pancreatic Cancer

- 7th most deadly cancer, 5% survival rate
- Affects 496,000 people globally, causing 466,000 deaths in 2020
- Projected to surpass breast cancer as 3rd leading cause of cancer death by 2025

CA. Cancer J. Clin. 2021, 71, 209–249.
Ann. Surg. Oncol. 2014, 21, 747–751.

Treatments

- Surgical resection → only chance for cure
 - Subsequent chemotherapy improves long-term outcomes
- Almost 85% of patients are not eligible for surgical resection
 - Few who are eligible risk a 66–92 % chance of recurrence within 2 years of the surgery
- Chemotherapy remains main form of treatment for patients with advanced pancreatic cancer

Why?

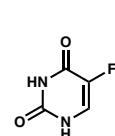
- Lack of early diagnostic tools → late diagnosis
 - Symptoms early on are vague or not present

Lancet. 2020, 395, 2008–2020.

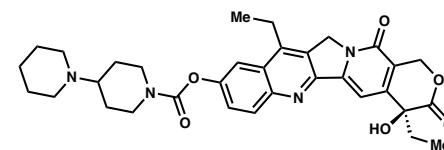
Ann. Surg. Oncol. 2014, 21, 747–751.

Most Common Pancreatic Cancer Chemotherapies

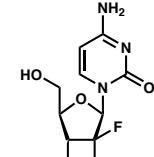
- FOLFIRINOX
 - 5-fluorouracil, folinic acid, irinotecan, and oxaliplatin
- gemcitabine
- nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel (nab-paclitaxel)



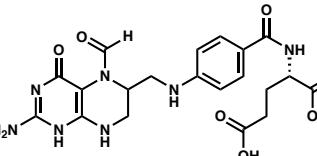
5-fluorouracil



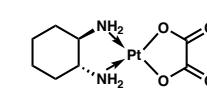
irinotecan



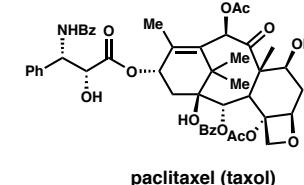
gemcitabine



folinic acid

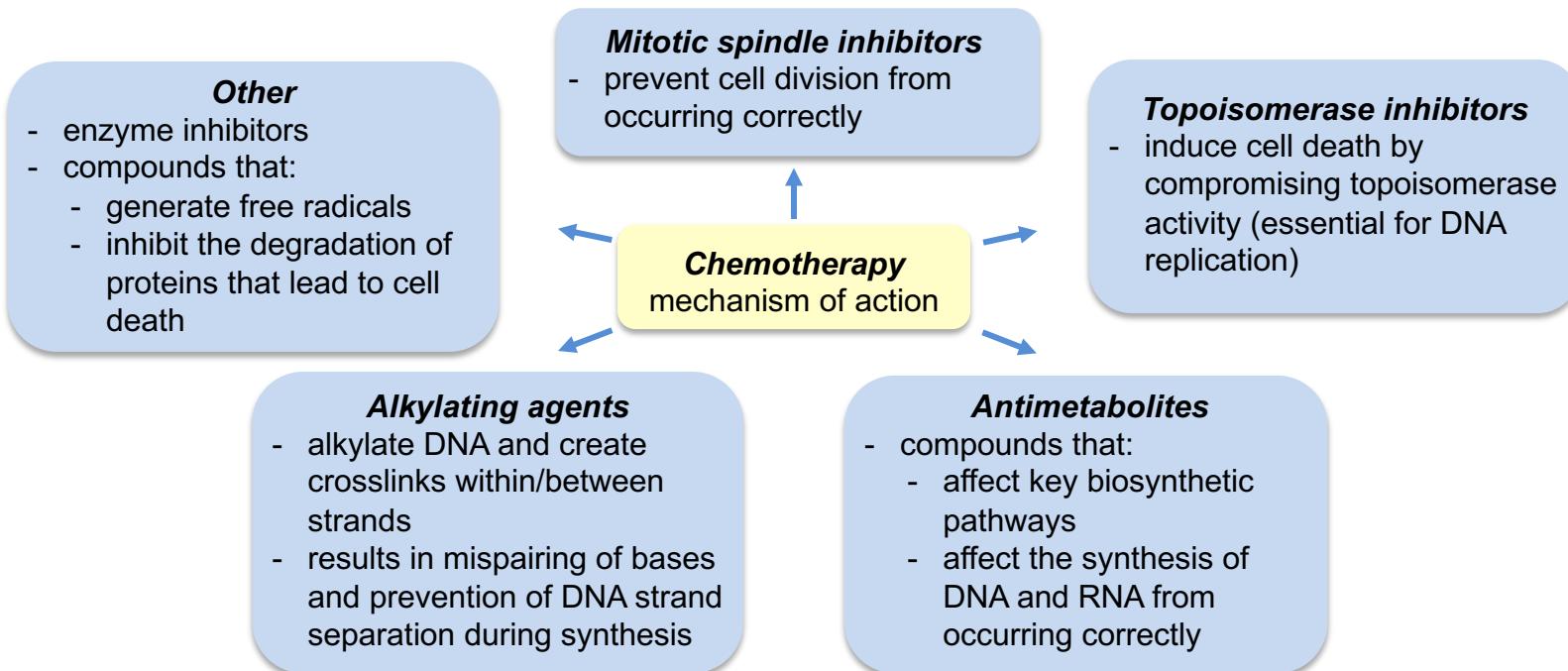


oxaliplatin



paclitaxel (taxol)

Lancet. 2020, 395, 2008–2020



Int. J. Mol. Sci. **2020**, *21*, 3233–3257.

Gap in knowledge

Only modest progress in pancreatic cancer treatments over last decade

Greater than 90% of patient deaths (for all cancer, not specific to pancreatic) are due to the resistance of cancer cells to the chemotherapy

Potential Solution

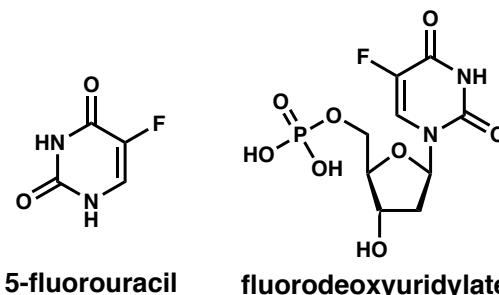
- Develop new screening strategies for high-risk patients to detect pancreatic tumours at earlier stages
- Identify new enzymes in cancer cells to target, and develop inhibitors for these targets that can be used as novel therapies and alternative treatment strategies

Lancet. **2020**, *395*, 2008–2020.

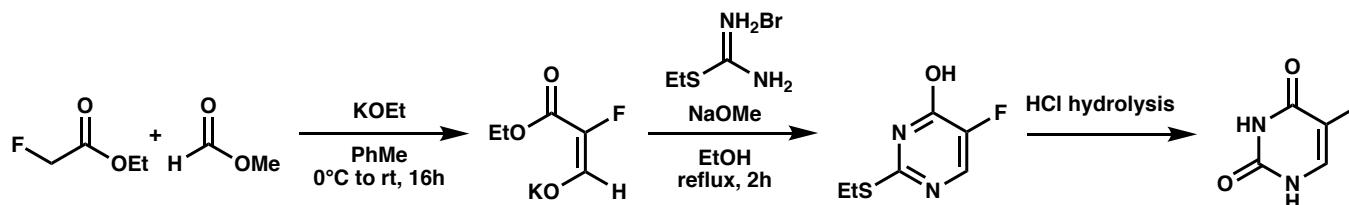
Int. J. Mol. Sci. **2020**, *21*, 3233–3257.

5-fluorouracil

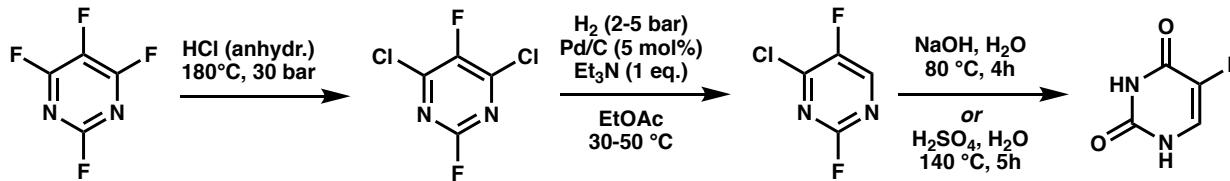
- Antimetabolite chemotherapy
- used to treat > 2 million patients
- 4200+ related publications and patent applications
- Metabolism of 5-fluorouracil generates fluorodeoxyuridylate which inhibits thymidylate synthase, causing cell death



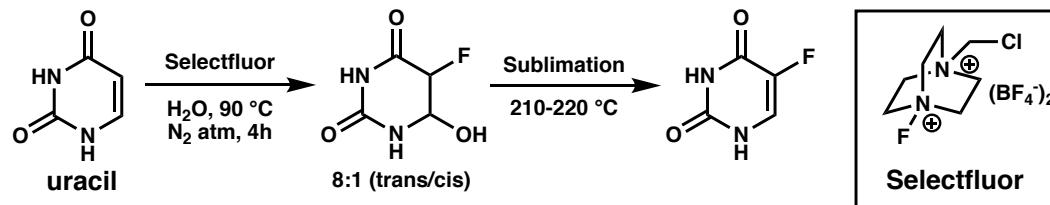
Molecules. **2020**, *25*, 3438.
Gen. Pharmac. **1998**, *31*, 661–666.
J. Fluorine Chem. **1989**, *45*, 417-430.

First synthesis: Heidelberger (1957)

J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1957**, *79*, 4559-4560.

Industrial synthesis: Baasner and Klauke (1989)

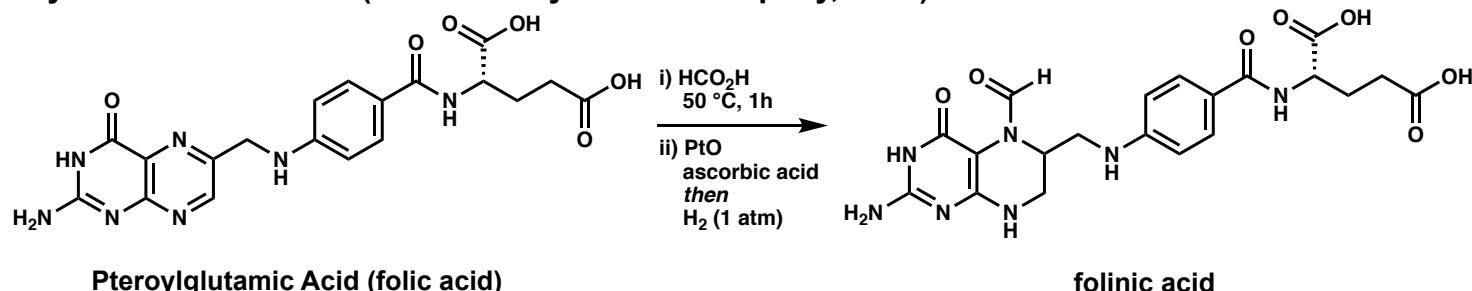
Molecules. **2020**, *25*, 3438
J. Fluorine Chem. **1989**, *45*, 417-430.

Notable synthesis: Lal (1995)

J. Org. Chem. **1995**, *60*, 7340-7342.

Folinic acid

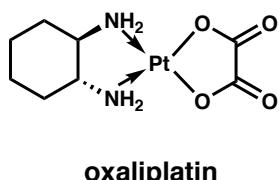
- Often administered in addition to 5-fluorouracil
- Inhibitor to many folate dependent enzymes
- Derivative of folic acid, a necessary vitamin to mammals

Synthesis: Roth et al. (American Cyanamid Company, 1952)

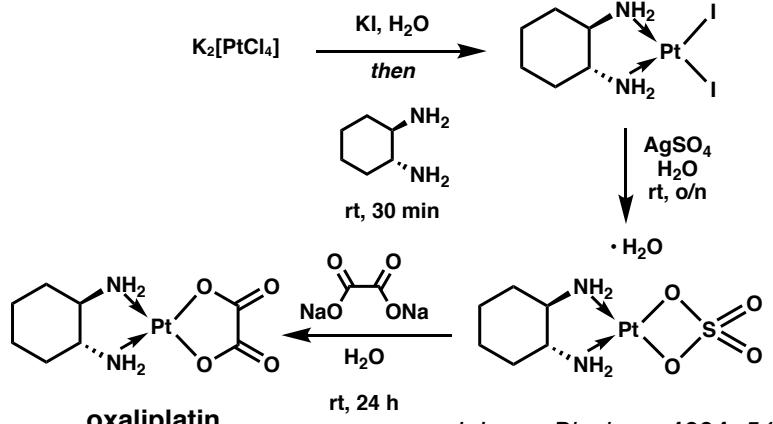
Trends in Biochem. Sci. **1993**, *18*, 102-106.
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1952**, *74*, 3247–3252.

Oxaliplatin

- Used to treat a variety of cancers
- Causes inter- and intra-strand crosslinks in DNA, thereby inhibiting DNA synthesis



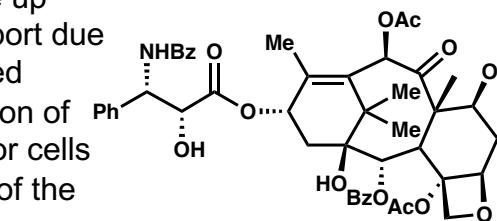
Cancer Chemother. Pharmacol. **2005**, *55*, 301–305.

Synthesis: Khokhar (1994)

J. Inorg. Biochem. **1994**, *54*, 39-47.

Nab-paclitaxel (nanoparticle albumin-bound taxol):

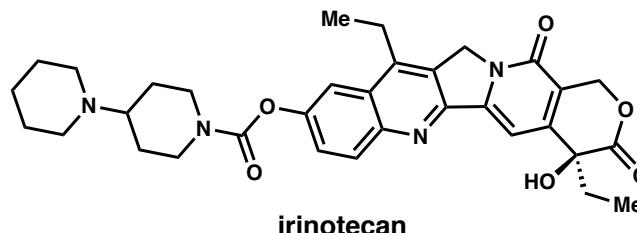
- Prevents division by promoting microtubule assembly
- Bound to human serum albumin using high-pressure homogenization of taxol in the presence of albumin
- Taxol is hydrophobic – requires use of Cremophor EL (CrEL)
 - CrEL can cause acute hypersensitivity reactions and neurological toxicity
- Nab-paclitaxel developed to improve the solubility of taxol (doesn't require use of CrEL)
- Tumor cells actively take up albumin via active transport due to increased nutrient need
 - increases concentration of nab-paclitaxel in tumor cells
 - improves the toxicity of the drug
- Nab-paclitaxel can be administered in 30 mins vs 3 h for CrEL-bound taxol



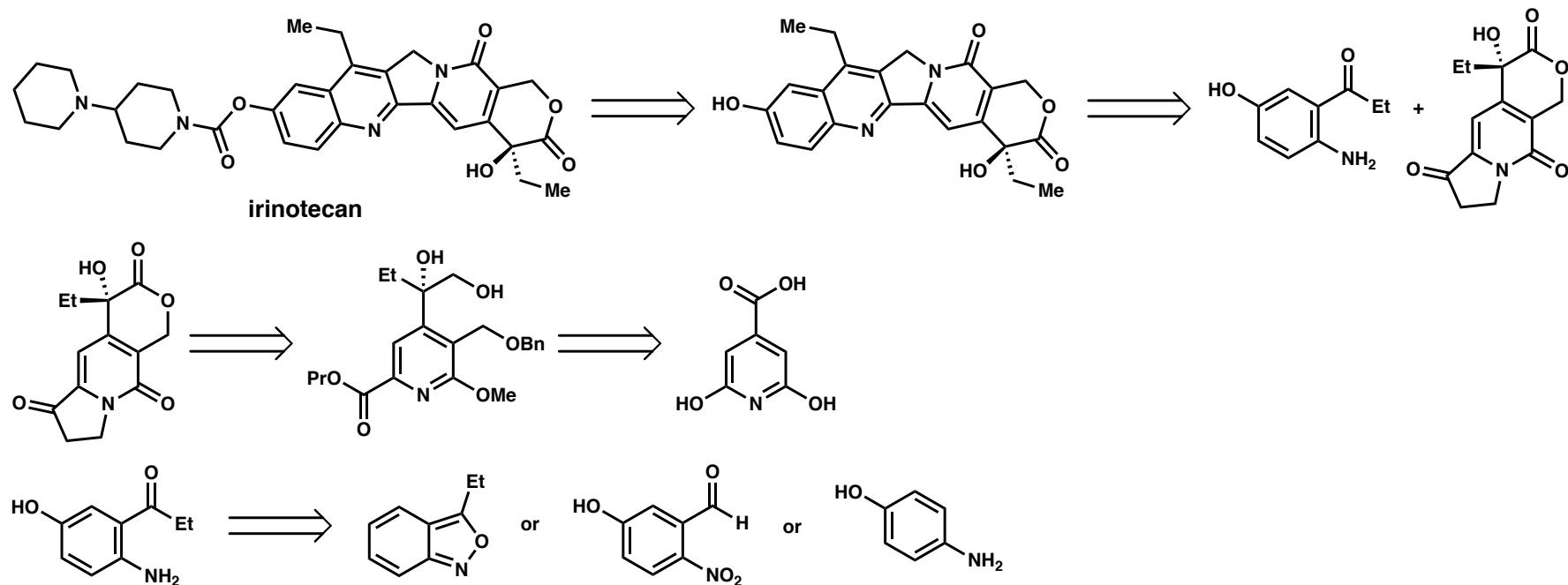
Expert Opin. Pharmacother. **2010**, *11*, 1413-1432.
Future Oncol. **2005**, *1*, 755-762.

Irinotecan

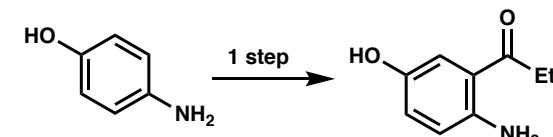
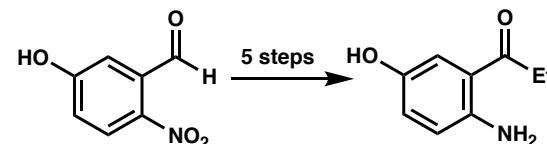
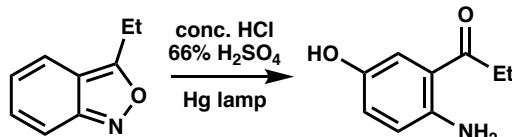
- Synthetic analog to naturally occurring alkaloid camptothecin
- Inhibits DNA topoisomerase I
- Carbamate hydrolyzed by carboxylesterase into highly active metabolite, SN-38



Pharmacogenomics, 2004, 5, 835-843.
Biomed. Chromatogr. 2010, 24, 104-123.

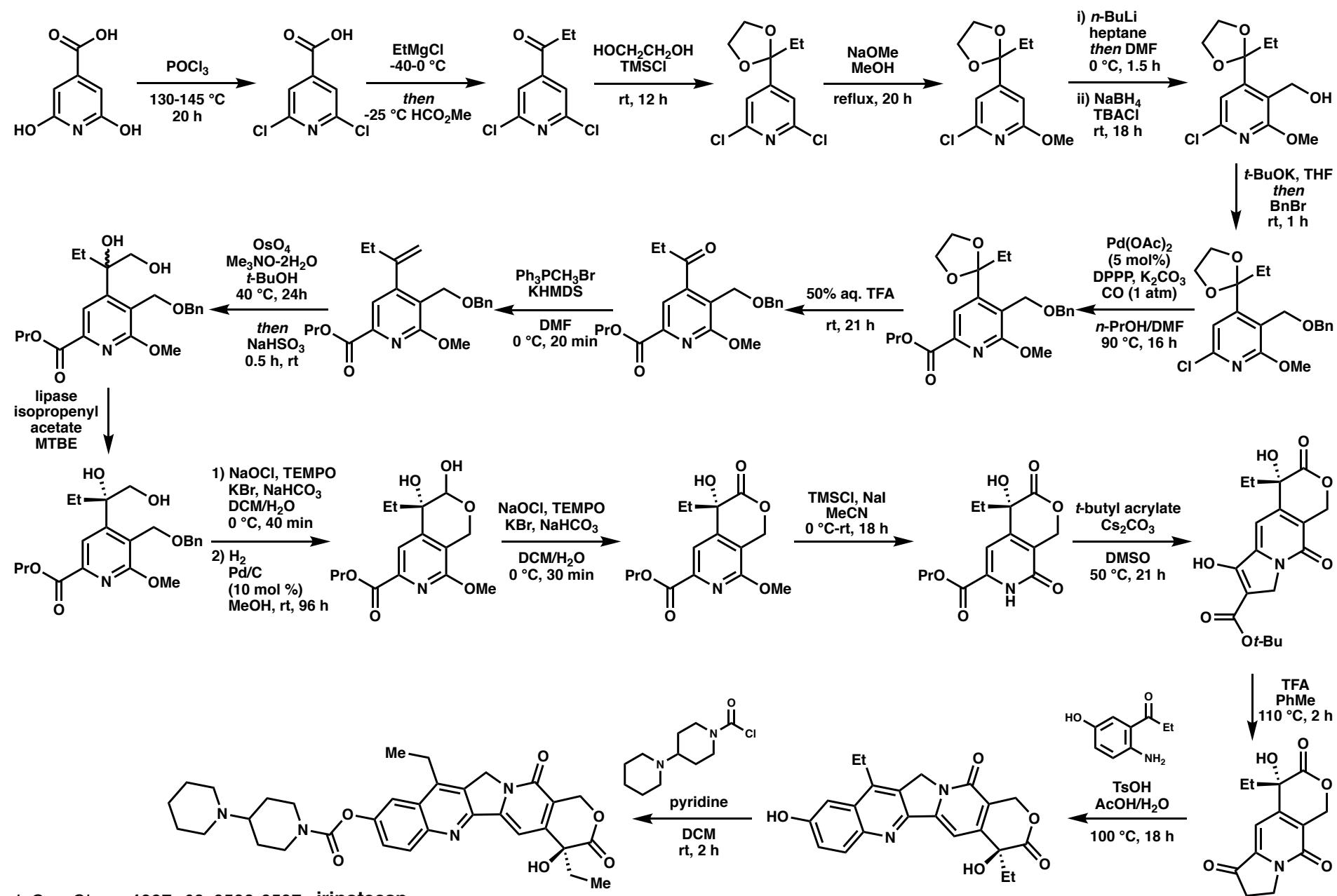
Retrosynthetic analysis: Henegar (Pharmacia & Upjohn, 1997)

J. Org. Chem. 1997, 62, 6588-6597.

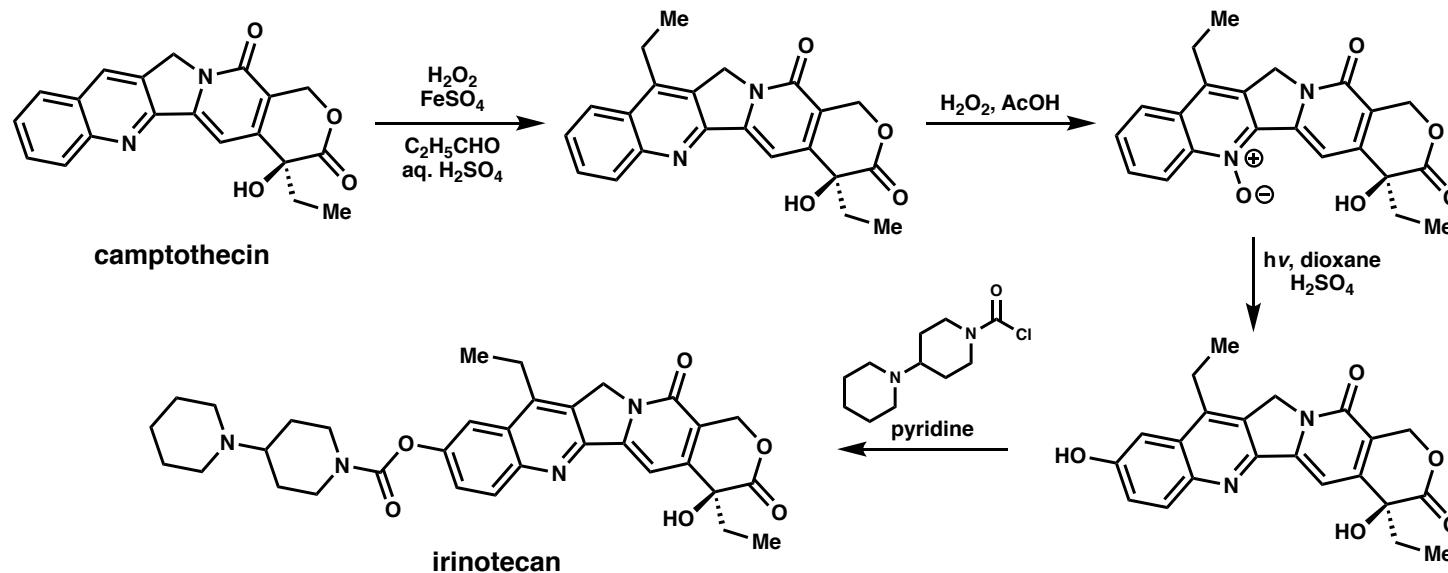
Synthesis

J. Org. Chem. 1997, 62, 6588-6597.
Helv. Chim. Acta 1971, 54, 2111-2113.

Pancreatic Cancer - Synthesis of Anticancer Therapies



Semi-synthesis: Sawada (1991)

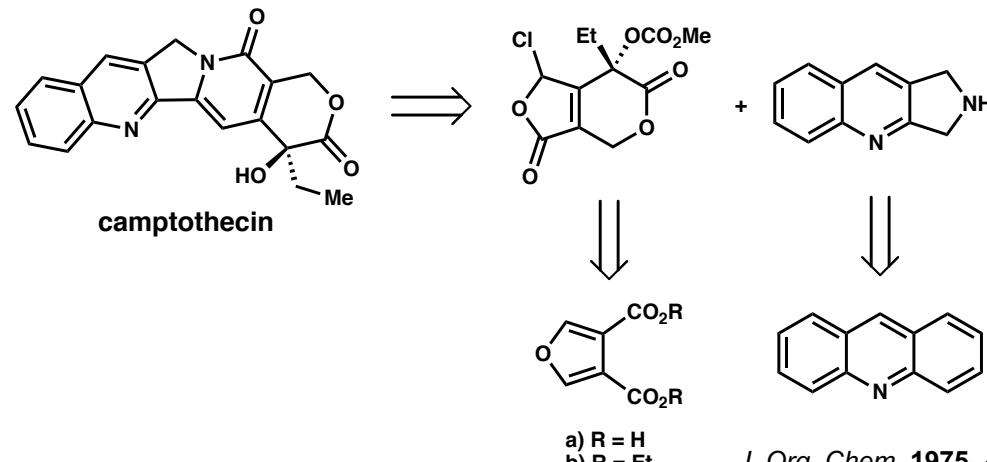


Chem. Pharma. Bull. **1991**, 39, 1446-1454.

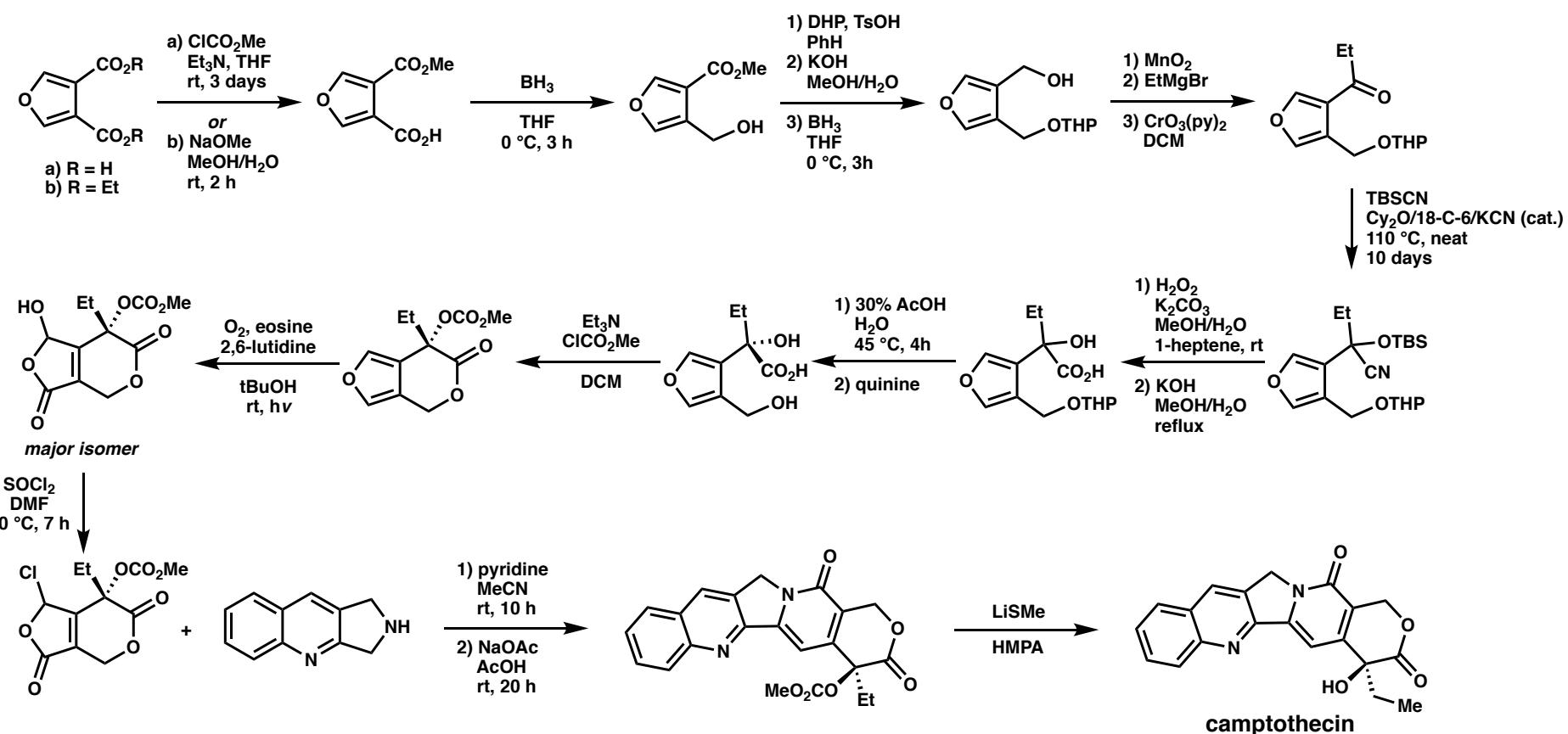
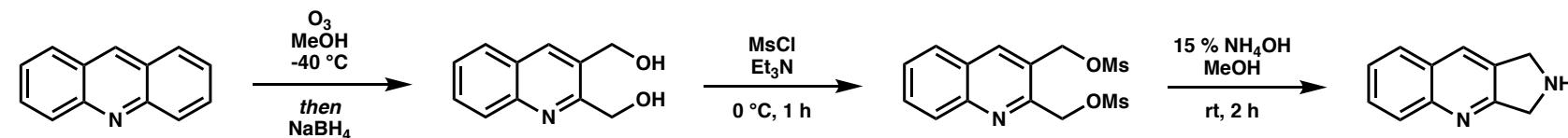
Camptothecin

- Isolated in 1958 from *Camptotheca acuminata* (a tree native to China and Tibet)
- Used in traditional Chinese medicine
- First total synthesis of naturally occurring S enantiomer by E. J. Corey in 1975
- Less water-soluble than irinotecan

Retrosynthetic analysis: Corey (1975)

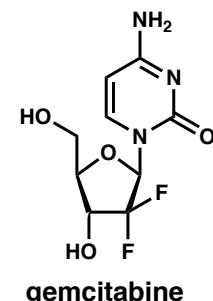


Synthesis

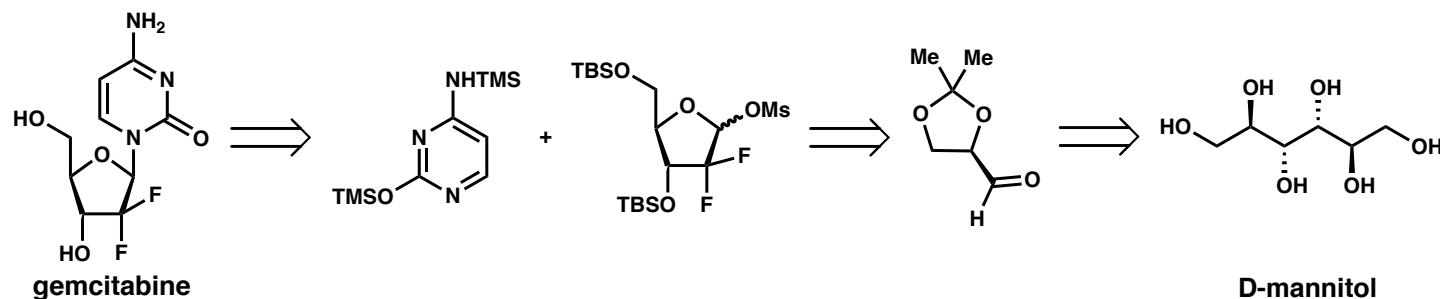


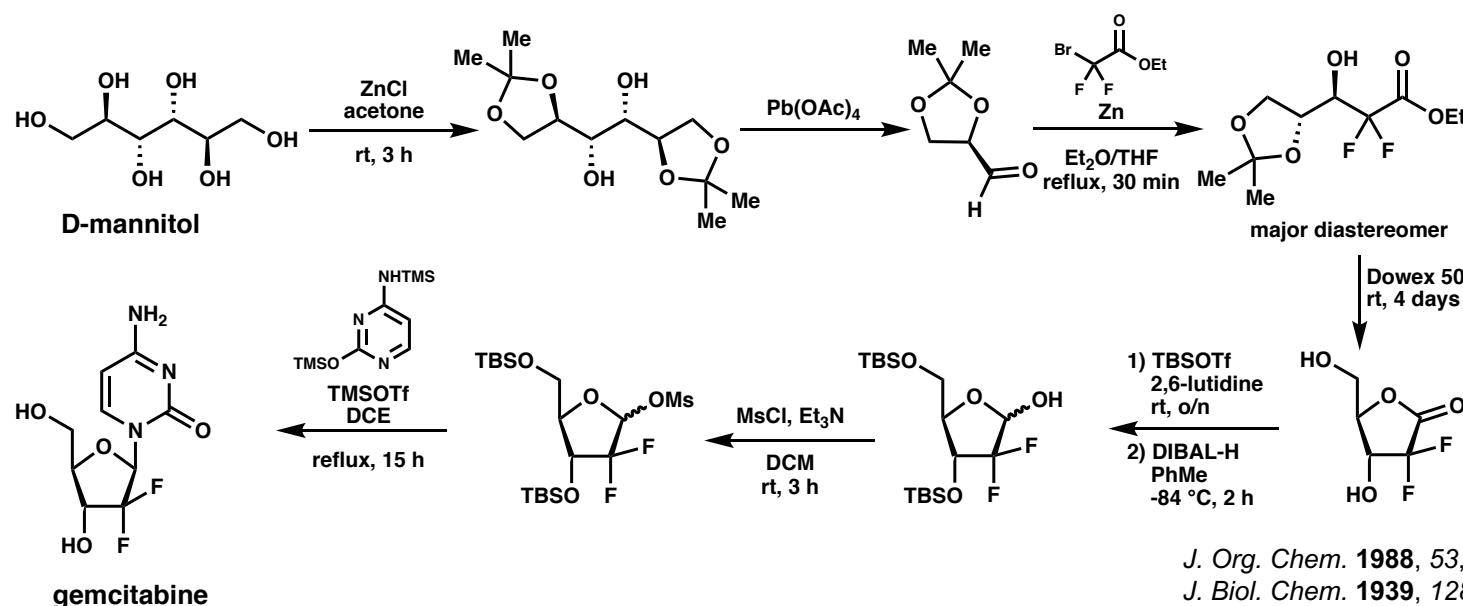
Gemcitabine

- Prodrug
- Active form → di- and triphosphate
- Inhibits DNA synthesis thereby causing cell death
- Lilly Research Laboratories branded drug as HCl salt (Gemzar)
- With patent, \$1 billion/year drug
- Used to treat a variety of cancers including pancreatic, ovarian and breast cancer
- Patent has expired and has led to the development of alternative approaches



Carbohydrate Research. **2015**, *406*, 71-75.
J. Org. Chem. **1988**, *53*, 2406-2409.

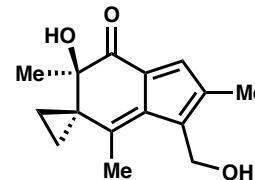
Retrosynthetic analysis: Hertel (Lilly Research Laboratories, 1988)

Synthesis

J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 2406-2409.
J. Biol. Chem. 1939, 128, 463-473.

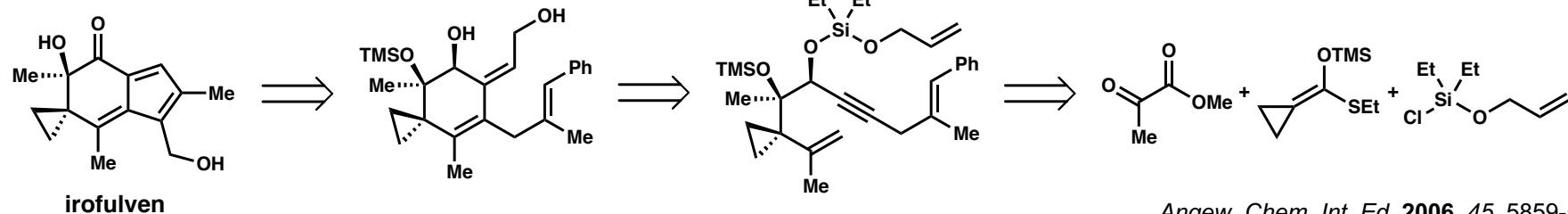
Irofulven

- Novel, experimental chemotherapy
- Undergoing phase I and II clinical trials to treat a variety of cancers
- Alkylating agent
- Inhibits DNA synthesis via cyclopropyl ring opening



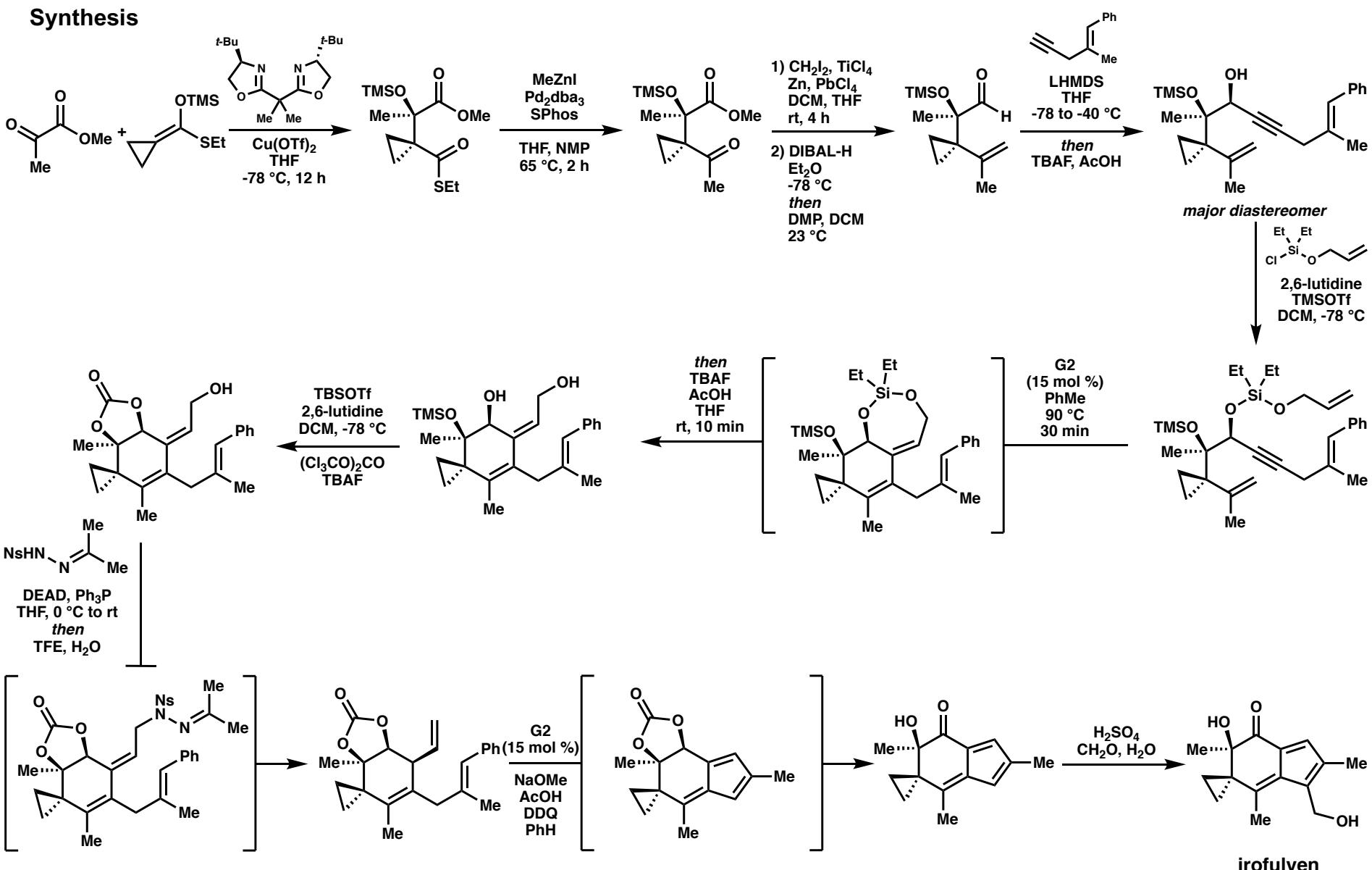
irofulven

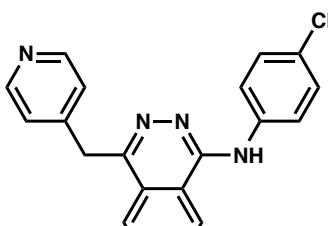
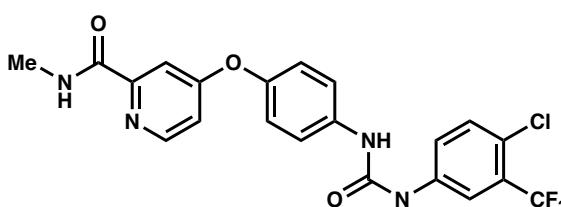
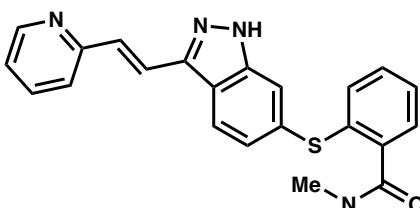
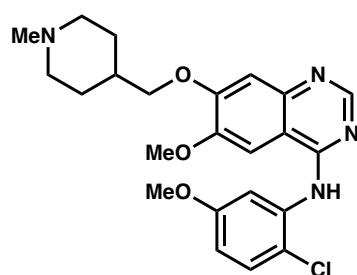
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2006, 45, 5859-5863.
Cancer Chemother Pharmacol. 2001, 48, 467-472.

Retrosynthetic analysis: Movassaghi (2006)

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2006, 45, 5859-5863.

Synthesis



Novel Therapies**Vatalanib**Used in phase I trial
with gemcitabineUsed in phase II trial
with gemcitabine**Axitinib**Used in phase II trial and
2 x as potent as taxol**AZM475271***Expert Rev. Anticancer Ther.* **2008**, 8, 993-1002.Used in phase I/II
trial with gemcitabine**Summary**

- Most common pancreatic cancer chemotherapies are FOLFIRINOX (5-fluorouracil, folinic acid, irinotecan, and oxaliplatin), gemcitabine, and nab-paclitaxel
- Novel chemotherapies include irofulven and others

Future directions

- Develop new screening strategies for high-risk patients to detect pancreatic tumours at earlier stages
- Further exploration of novel compounds as new chemotherapies

Useful reviews

- Pancreatic cancer:
Lancet. **2020**, 395, 2008–2020.
- Treatments:
Int. J. Mol. Sci. **2019**, 20, 4543.
- 5-fluorouracil:
Molecules **2020**, 25, 3438.
- Camptothecin and derivatives:
Tetrahedron **2003**, 59, 8649-8687.
- Novel treatments:
Expert Rev. Anticancer Ther. **2008**, 8, 993-1002.